

Vi ønsker å finne strømmen i kretsen,  $i(t)$ , like etter at bryteren S slås på. Den slås på når  $t=0$

$$u_1 = u_L + u_R = L \cdot \frac{di}{dt} + R \cdot i$$

$$L \cdot \frac{di}{dt} = u_1 - R \cdot i = -R \cdot \left( i - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{R}{L} \cdot \left( i - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)$$

$$\frac{di}{\left( i - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)} = -\frac{R}{L} \cdot dt$$

$$\int_{i_0}^{i(t)} \frac{di}{\left( i - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)} = \int_0^t \left( -\frac{R}{L} \right) \cdot dt$$

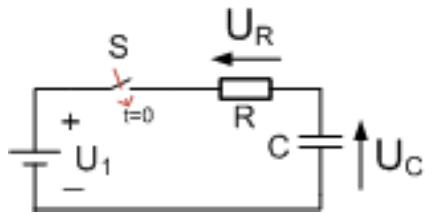
$$\ln \left( i(t) - \frac{u_1}{R} \right) - \ln \left( i_0 - \frac{u_1}{R} \right) = -\frac{R}{L} \cdot t$$

$$\ln \left( \frac{\left( i(t) - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)}{\left( i_0 - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)} \right) = -\frac{R}{L} \cdot t$$

$$\left( i(t) - \frac{u_1}{R} \right) = e^{-\frac{R}{L}t} \cdot \left( i_0 - \frac{u_1}{R} \right)$$

$$i(t) = \frac{u_1}{R} + e^{-\frac{R}{L}t} \cdot \left( i_0 - \frac{u_1}{R} \right) \quad i_0=0 \text{ (fordi bryteren er åpen når } t<0)$$

$$\underline{\underline{i(t) = \frac{u_1}{R} \left( 1 - e^{-\frac{R}{L}t} \right)}}$$



## Step respons på en kondensator C

Vi ønsker å finne spenningen over kondensatoren,  $u_C(t)$ , like etter at bryteren S slås på. Den slås på når  $t=0$

$$i = \frac{u_R}{R} = \frac{u_1 - u_C}{R} = C \cdot \frac{du_C}{dt}$$

$$u_1 - u_C = R \cdot C \cdot \frac{du_C}{dt}$$

$$dt = R \cdot C \cdot \frac{du_C}{(u_1 - u_C)}$$

$$\int_0^t dt = R \cdot C \cdot \int_{u_0}^{u_C(t)} \frac{du_C}{(u_1 - u_C)}$$

$$t - 0 = -R \cdot C \cdot (\ln(u_1 - u_C(t)) - \ln(u_1 - u_0))$$

$$t = -R \cdot C \cdot \ln\left(\frac{(u_1 - u_C(t))}{(u_1 - u_0)}\right)$$

$$-\frac{t}{RC} = \ln\left(\frac{(u_1 - u_C(t))}{(u_1 - u_0)}\right)$$

$$e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} = \left(\frac{(u_1 - u_C(t))}{(u_1 - u_0)}\right)$$

$$u_1 \cdot e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} = u_1 - u_C(t) \quad u_0=0 \text{ (fordi bryteren er åpen når } t < 0)$$

$$\underline{\underline{u_C(t) = u_1 \cdot \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{RC}}\right)}}$$